



Unlocking the Full Potential of the Immune System Against Cancer

Investor Presentation

April 23, 2025



Disclaimer

This presentation contains forward-looking statements, which are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated. There can be no guarantee that (i) the results of pre-clinical work and prior clinical trials will be predictive of the results of the clinical trials currently under way, (ii) regulatory authorities will agree with the Company's further development plans for its therapies, or (iii) the Company will find development and commercialization partners for its therapies in a timely manner and on satisfactory terms and conditions, if at all. The occurrence of any of these risks could have a significant negative outcome for the Company's activities, perspectives, financial situation, results and development.

For a discussion of risks and uncertainties which could cause the Company's actual results, financial condition, performance or achievements to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, please refer to the Risk Factors ("Facteurs de Risques") section of the Universal Registration Document, available on the AMF website (<http://www.amf-france.org>) or on Transgene's website (www.transgene.fr). Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made and Transgene undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.

Transgene in a Snapshot



Unique and highly potent viral vector-based immunotherapies



Lead program TG4050 to deliver data and create significant value in early setting solid tumors between 2025 and 2028



Additional programs and R&I activity to deliver news flow and fuel Transgene's portfolio in the mid term

MVA VECTOR BENEFITS

- Induces **broad and specific immune response** – Almost all patients treated develop a polyepitopic response*
- Excellent **safety** profile
- Proven immunogenicity in challenging immune contexture

THE RIGHT NEOANTIGENS

- Comprises **up to 30 neoantigens** selected using NEC's artificial intelligence and machine learning

Orchestrating a brighter world

NEC





INDICATION

- Targeting head and neck patients – **designed to prevent relapse**
- Only neoantigen cancer vaccine targeting this indication in adjuvant situation
- Potential to address other indications in perioperative setting

- Building upon **proof of principle** of TG4050, leading myvac[®]-based cancer vaccine: Randomized **Phase II part currently enrolling patients** based on **promising Phase I data**
- **Potential further acceleration** based on innovation in the adjuvant setting of operable Head & Neck cancer and other indications

*Source: G. Le Tourneau *et al.*, "Randomized Phase I Trial of Adjuvant Individualized TG4050 Vaccine in Patients with Locally Advanced Resected HPV-negative Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma (HNSCC)", [SITC](#) November 2024, Poster presentation – *Analysis based on research assay.*

Innovative Clinical-Stage Immunotherapy Portfolio Based on Viral Vectors

Product	Indication	Collaboration	Discovery	Phase I	Phase II	
LEAD ASSET: INDIVIDUALIZED NEOANTIGEN CANCER VACCINES (<i>myvac</i>[®] platform)						
TG4050 	Individualized neoantigen therapy	Head and neck cancer (adjuvant)	●	Ⓡ	Ⓡ	24-month follow-up for all patients recruited in the Ph. I part (ASCO – June 1st, 2025) Completion of randomization of Ph. II part (Q4 2025)
		Other indication	●	●		Additional Ph. I trial to start (Q4 2025)
Other viral vector-based assets						
TG4001	Shared antigens cancer vaccine	Cervical and anogenital HPV+ cancers	●	●	Ⓡ	Clinical data to be presented (ASCO - June 2, 2025)
BT-001	invir 	Oncolytic virus	●	●		Updated data expected (H2 2025) 
TG6050	invir 	Oncolytic virus	●	●		Initial data expected (Q2 2025)
Research & innovation	Internal programs		●			

Orchestrating a brighter world
NEC

* IV: intravenous administration, IT: intratumoral administration, R: randomized

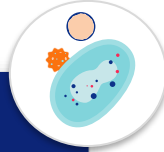


Neoantigen Therapeutic Cancer Vaccine

Focused on delivering the promise
of individualized cancer vaccine

myvac[®] - TG4050 | Combines Unique Know How and Expertise

MVA viral vector: a powerful platform for vaccine development



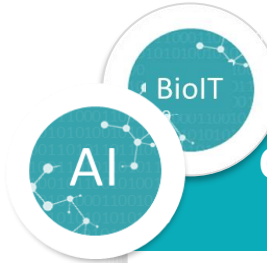
Strongly immunogenic vector

- Demonstrated capability to express **complex antigen structures** and have them presented by APCs
- Ability to elicit **strong, durable and specific** immune response
- Established safety profile

Rapid, integrated and scalable manufacturing process – Ongoing progress



one patient • one genome
• one vaccine



Clinically-validated Artificial Intelligence & Bioinformatics powered approach

Neoantigen identification

- Based on multiple parameters **to identify neoantigens** from whole tumor exome analysis*
- NEC's AI and machine learning environment **NEC**

Optimal neoantigen display

- **VacDesignR[®]** for **optimal design of the recombinant virus**
- Improve vaccine production
- Property of Transgene

AI powered and cutting-edge software environment

- Dedicated tools for TG4050 end-to-end production



Technology well suited for early setting solid tumors to prevent relapse after/with standard treatment



[Click here](#)



*Source: Mallone et al., "Performance of neoantigen prediction for the design of TG4050, a patient-specific neoantigen cancer vaccine", [AACR](#), June 2020, Poster presentation



TG4050 | Operable Head and Neck Cancer - Trial after Surgery and Adjuvant Therapy

Need to prevent or delay relapse

With currently approved treatments, approx. 25% patients relapse within 24 months after surgery + adjuvant therapy*

Promising data obtained in randomized Phase I part

Compelling initial immunological and clinical data presented at SITC 2024 (32 patients)

- All treated patients remained disease-free
- ✓ Primary objectives: safety and tolerability
- ✓ Secondary objectives: feasibility, disease-free survival (DFS)
- ✓ Exploratory objectives: immunogenicity, exploratory tumor biomarkers (TMB, PD-L1)

24-month follow-up and DFS data to be presented at ASCO (June 2025)

Ongoing Phase II part

- Completion of patient randomization expected in Q4 2025
- Primary objective: 24-month DFS

* Sources: Cooper JS et al. [NEJM, 2004](#); DY Lee et al. [Head Neck, 2020](#)

** Squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck

Phase I/II trial design

Approx. 80 patients with locoregionally advanced HPV-negative SCCHN** (NCT: 04183166)

Surgery + Adjuvant chemoradiotherapy

Complete Clinical Response RANDOMIZATION (1:1)

myvac
TG4050 (single agent) Repeated injections

Patient monitoring (no treatment)



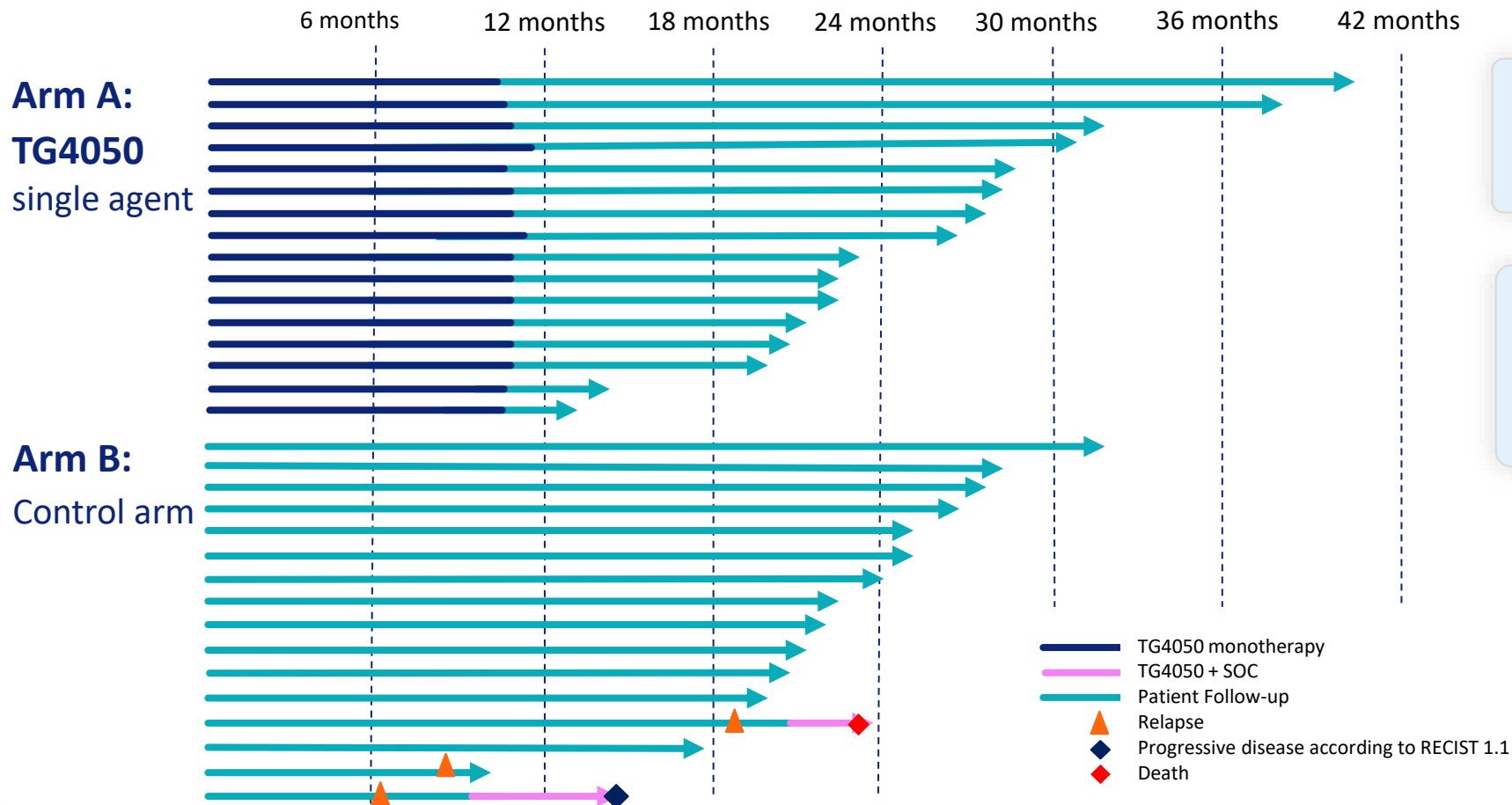
LEAD INVESTIGATOR: Pr. Christian Ottensmeier, Clatterbridge Cancer Care Center, Liverpool



TG4050 | Promising Signals of Clinical Activity in Adjuvant Setting

Head & Neck Cancer Trial


32 patients randomized – September 2024



- No related SAEs
- Good safety profile
- Median follow-up of 24.1 months

All 16 treated patients remained disease-free

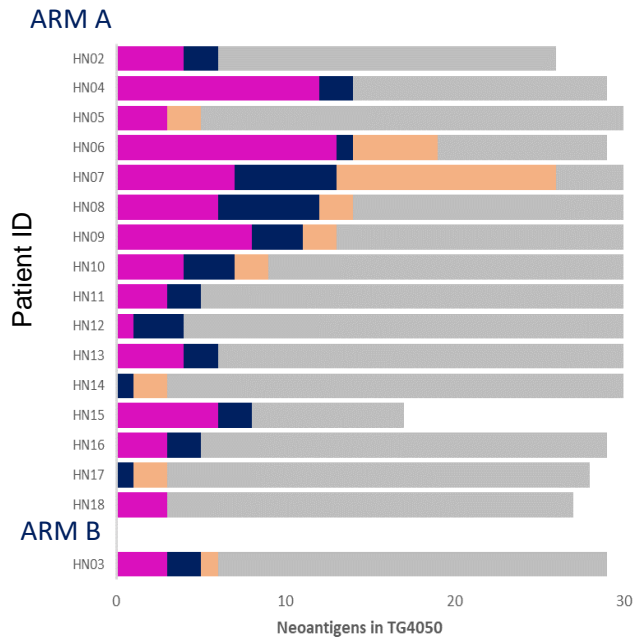
Only patients in the control arm relapsed

 Source: G. Le Tourneau *et al.*, "Randomized Phase I Trial of Adjuvant Individualized TG4050 Vaccine in Patients with Locally Advanced Resected HPV-negative Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma (HNSCC)", [SITC](#) November 2024, Poster presentation

TG4050 | Generates and/or Expands Tumor Specific T Cells

Number of positive responses per patient (Elispot assay) Head and Neck Cancer (Phase I part)

■ *De novo* responses ■ Amplified responses
■ Stable responses* ■ # of neoantigens / targets



*Immunoreactive T-cells detected at baseline but not amplified post treatment

Despite low mutational burden, immunogenic targets could be selected for all patients

Neoantigen-specific T-cell responses were detected

De novo responses were detected in a majority of patients

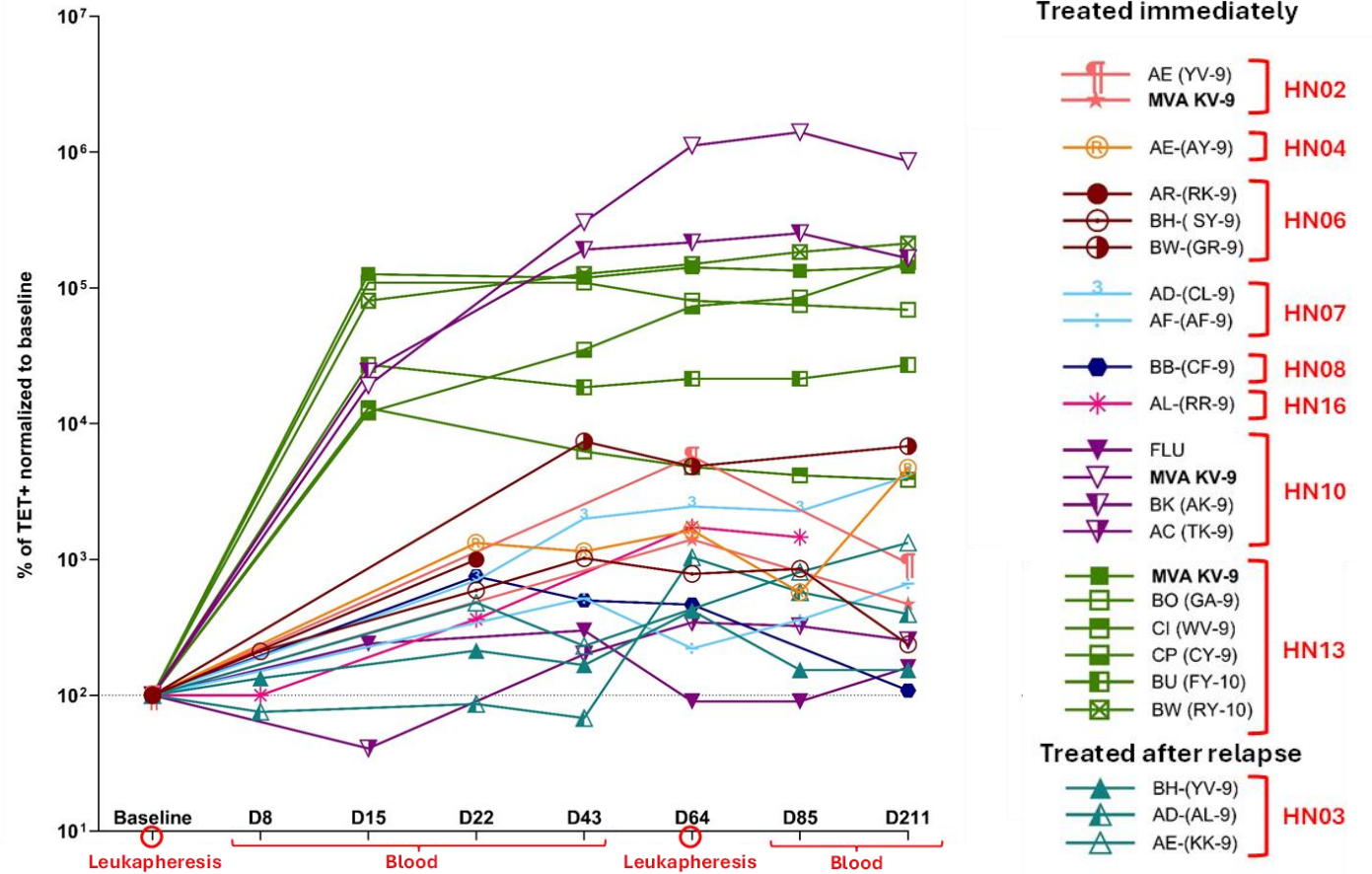


Source: G. Le Tourneau *et al.*, "Randomized Phase I Trial of Adjuvant Individualized TG4050 Vaccine in Patients with Locally Advanced Resected HPV-negative Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma (HNSCC)", [SITC](#) November 2024, Poster presentation



TG4050 | Persistent Specific Cellular Response Following Vaccination

Patients displayed **sustained neoantigen-specific CD8+ responses** against multiple selected targets over 7 months



Induction period (Baseline to D43): 1 dose/week during 43 days

Boost period (D64 to D211): 1 dose/3 weeks during 1 year

Source: G. Le Tourneau *et al.*, "Randomized Phase I Trial of Adjuvant Individualized TG4050 Vaccine in Patients with Locally Advanced Resected HPV-negative Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma (HNSCC)", [SITC](#) November 2024, Poster presentation

TG4050 | Potential to Extend Remission Period and Address Significant Medical Need

Head & Neck program

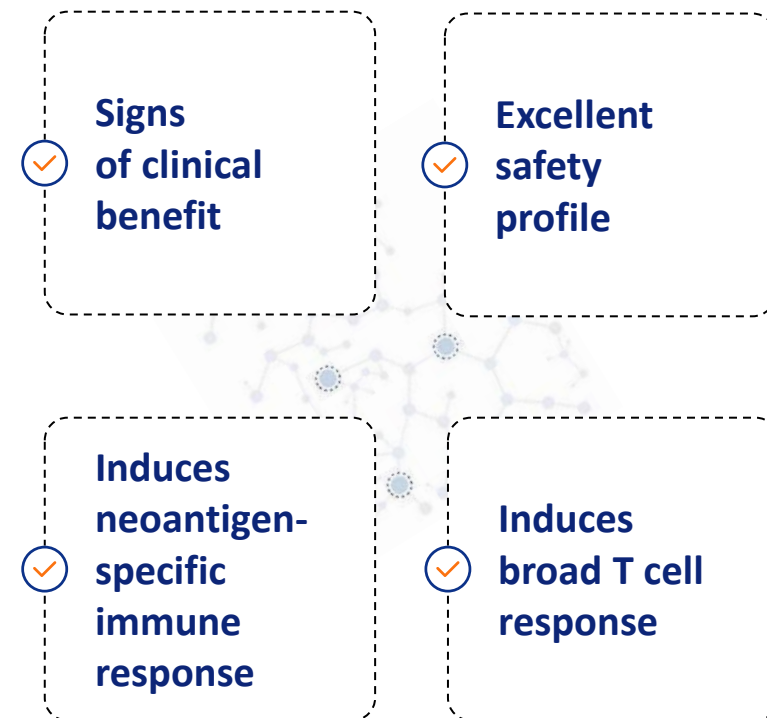
- ✓ Phase I part – 24-month follow up to be presented at ASCO (June 1st, 2025)
- ✓ Ongoing Phase II part – Last patient to be randomized in Q4 2025
- ✓ Potential acceleration in evolving treatment landscape

Expansion in other early-setting cancer indications with high risk of relapse

- > Could address other solid tumors in perioperative settings w or w/o ICIs – Significant market opportunity
- > Additional Ph. I trial to start in Q4 2025 in new indication



one patient • one genome • one vaccine





Other viral vector-based assets

- ! Rapidly Generating Multiple Virus-Powered
- ! Off-the-Shelf Drug Candidates Targeting Solid Tumors

TG4001 | Phase II Trial in Patients with HPV16+ Cervical and Anogenital cancer

Randomized Phase II trial in patients with HPV16+ cervical and anogenital cancer (n=90)

incl. cervical, vulvar, vaginal, penile and anal cancers NCT: 03260023

Patients with recurrent / metastatic disease

Randomized (1:1)

TG4001 + avelumab

Avelumab single agent

Clinical collaboration with



for avelumab free supply

Treated in 1st line or in 2nd line (with a maximum of 1 prior systemic chemotherapy)

Checkpoint-blocker naïve, without liver metastasis at baseline

Including all levels of PD-L1 expression

Possible path to approval in evolving cervical cancer landscape - awaiting full data analysis

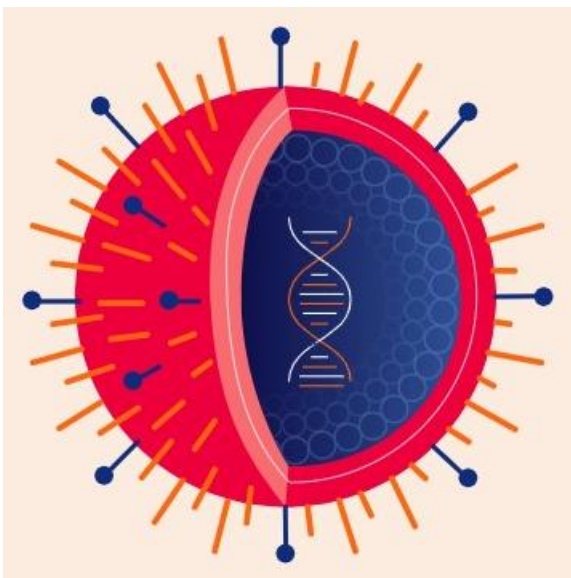
Top line data

- **Primary objective** (improvement in progression-free survival) not met in the overall patient population
- **Positive efficacy trend in cervical cancer patients** observed in pre-planned subgroup analysis
 - **Clinical data to be presented at ASCO 2025** (June 2, 2025)
- **Full analysis ongoing** prior to decision on the best way forward

Our **Oncolytic Viruses (OV)** – Combined Effects of Vector, Payload and Immune Stimulation

Compelling Clinical Data Support Intravenous (IV) Route of Administration

Cancer cell death through multiple MOAs



Virus-induced
direct and specific
TUMOR ONCOLYSIS

Antitumor activity
generated
by **THERAPEUTIC PAYLOADS**

Induction
of **IMMUNE MECHANISMS**
against tumor cells

Patented Backbone $VV_{\text{cop}}\text{TK}^{-}\text{RR}^{-}$ vector with multiple competitive advantages:

- Encode numerous and various **payloads**
- **Multiple routes of administration** (IV, IT, locoregional) and extend OV market beyond IT administration
- Potential to target multiorgan lesions and warm up TME
- Address broad range of solid tumors



Proof of principle obtained

- Good safety profile
- Able to reach tumors, selectively replicate and express payload, incl. via **intravenous administration**

invir **io**

Goal: to target multiorgan lesions and reverse tumor resistance

BT-001 | Promising Antitumor Activity of OV Armed with Anti-CTLA4 Ab + GM-CSF

Completed Phase I/IIa Trial Assessing IT Route of Administration

The right virus + payload

VV_{cop}TK⁻RR⁻ oncolytic armed with
BioInvent's potent anti-CTLA4 Ab + GM-CSF

- Activates and increases T-effector cells
- Treg depleting activity
- Stimulates immune cells (incl. APC)

Completed Phase I (NCT04725331)
monotherapy and combination w. anti-PD1

- > **Ph. I part B** (pembrolizumab combination)
– Enrolment completed
- > **Additional data expected in H2 2025**



50/50 collaboration
with **BioInvent**

Promising antitumor activity*

monotherapy and combination w. anti-PD1

- Converts the TME from “cold” to “hot”
- Replicates and persists in tumor tissue
- **Anti-CTLA4 expressed in the tumor**
with **no detectable systemic exposure**
- **Partial responses in 2/6 patients** (combination
regimen) & **stable disease in 4/18 patients**
(monotherapy)
- **Tumor shrinkage** in injected and non-injected
lesions

Can be developed
for **multiple cancer indications**



Collaboration with MSD
which provides pembrolizumab (KEYTRUDA®)

TG6050 Administered IV | IL-12 and anti-CTLA4 Produced Directly in the Tumor

Ongoing Phase I Trial to Assess Systemic Route of Administration



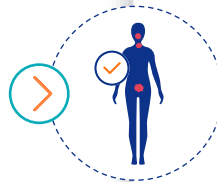
Initial goal

demonstrate potential of IV administration in “cold”, non-resectable metastatic tumors



Oncolytic armed with IL-12 and anti-CTLA4 Ab

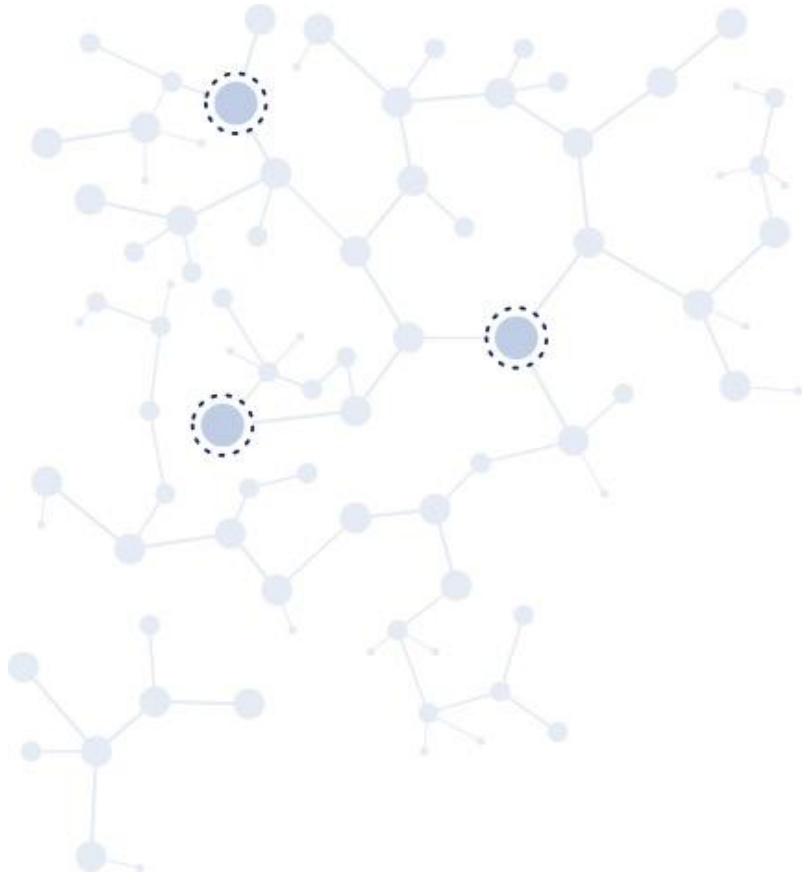
- Triggers a powerful antitumor immune response
- Restores the immune defenses within the tumor
- **Outstanding preclinical data* (strong antitumor activity)** remodeling TME (AACR 2023 and JITC, July 2024)



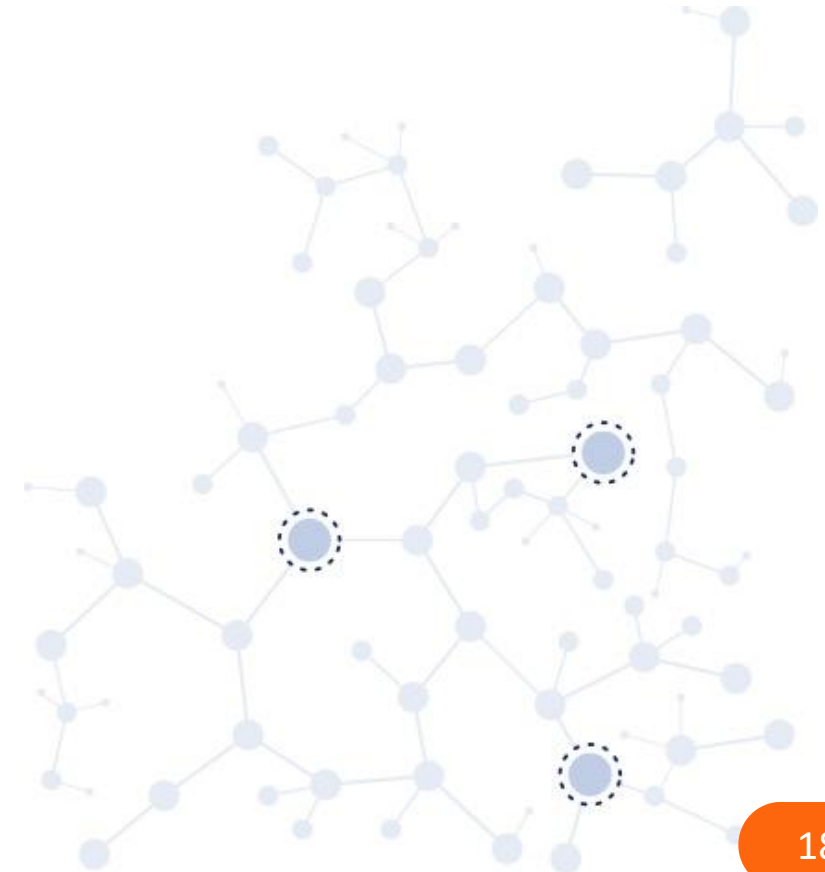
Phase I trial - Indication: metastatic and PD1 failed tumors

- Advanced or metastatic NSCLC after failure with available treatment options, including anti-PD1/PD-L1 – **Intravenous (IV) administration**
- Inclusions completed (NCT: 05788926)
- Initial data (single agent) in **Q2 2025** – Could be combined with ICIs

Potential to address a major oncology market



Outlook



Company Funded to Deliver Multiple Value Generating Milestones



Business funded until the end of April 2026

Enables Transgene to deliver significant milestones with *myvac*[®] platform and other viral vector-based immunotherapies

myvac | Neoantigen vaccine – TG4050

- ✓ **Proof of principle**
already obtained in Head and Neck cancer (adjuvant)
 - Clinical benefit for patients and strong immunogenicity, persistent cellular immune response
- ✓ **Ongoing randomized Phase I/II (head and neck cancer) – 80 patients overall**
 - Phase I part: 24-month follow-up data to be presented at **ASCO (June, 2025)**
 - Phase II part: randomization of the last patient in **Q4 2025**
- ✓ **Other indication**
 - Plan to launch **new Phase I** in additional indication in **Q4 2025**

Other viral vector-based assets

- **TG4001**: Full analysis ongoing prior to deciding on the best way forward
Transgene plans to communicate detailed results at **ASCO (June, 2025)**
- **BT-001**: Phase I data presentation (**H2 2025**)
- **TG6050**: Initial Phase I data (**Q2 2025**)

Appendices

New Leadership to Take Transgene to the Next Level



ALESSANDRO RIVA, MD
Chairman & CEO

30+ years experience



GILEAD ...ichnos...



MAURIZIO CEPPI, PhD
VP, Chief Scientific Officer



LUCIE LARGUIER
VP, Chief Financial Officer



EMMANUELLE DOCHY, MD
VP, Medical Affairs, Chief Medical Officer



JAMES WENTWORTH
VP, Chief Business Officer



JOHN FELITTI
VP, Legal, General Counsel and Chief Compliance Officer



CHRISTOPHE ANCEL, PharmD
VP, Chief Quality Officer and Qualified Pharmacist



CHRISTELLE SCHWOERER
VP, Human Resources



SIMONE STEINER
VP, Chief Technical Officer



JOHN C. BELL
Member of the Scientific Advisory Board



PEDRO ROMERO
Member of the Scientific Advisory Board

Environmental, Social and Governance Commitments



Transgene's **ESG** strategy is based on 6 commitments

- To **patients**
- To our **partners**
- To our **employees**
- To our **shareholders** and **investors**
- To **society** and the **regions**
- To the **planet**

85/100

Gaia Ethifinance Award (+8 pts)

44/100

Vigeo Eiris (+20 pts)

99/100

Equal Employment Index

TOP 5 French companies with the **best ESG performance** for 2023*.

ESG rating higher than industry benchmark (Pharma/Biotech)



Our ESG policy is detailed in the chap. 4 in the URD 2024

[URD 2024](#)

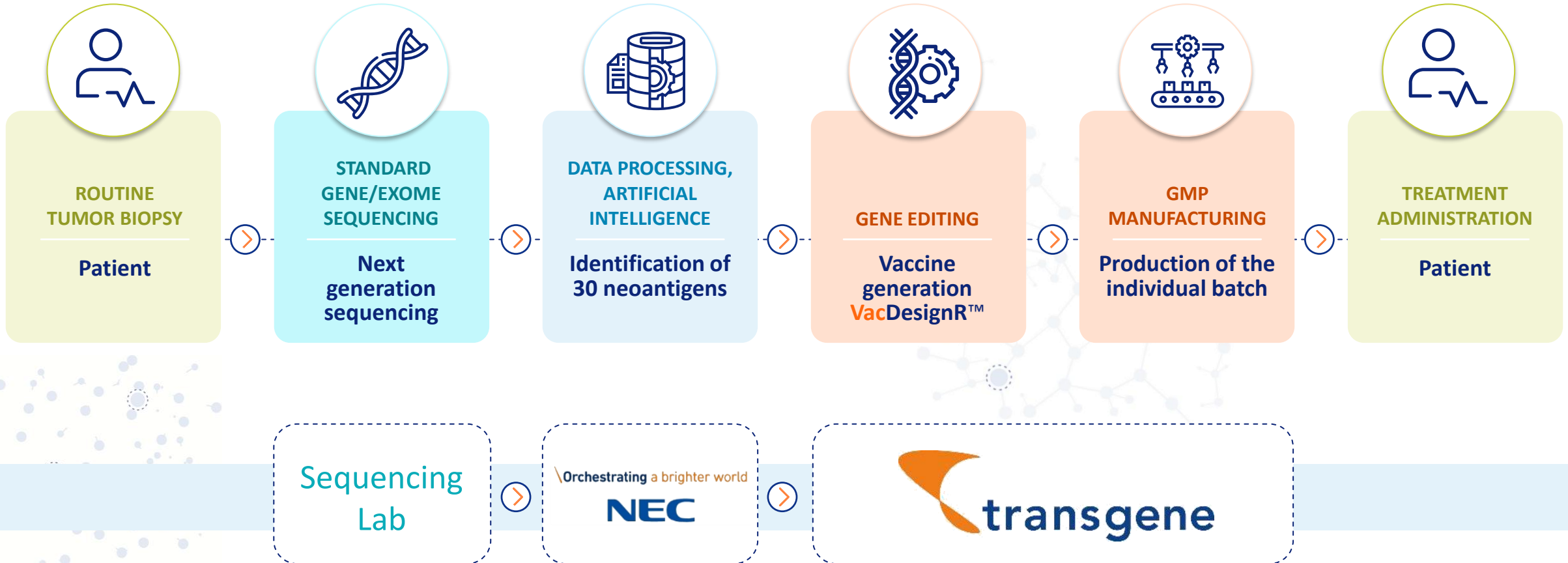


*with < 250 employees, according to the Gaia Ethifinance 2024 Award study
[LinkedIn](#) / [Website](#)

[Study](#)

TG4050, an Individualized Neoantigen Vaccine Combining Unique Capabilities

Combines Bioengineering and Digital Transformation



Exploration of Tumor TME

TME: tumor micro-environment, TMB: tumor mutational burden,
F: fibrotic, NF: non-fibrotic


Challenging population with high prevalence of **low/negative PD-L1 expressors** and **relatively poor pro-immune infiltrates**

Arm A: TG4050 single agent

PD-L1	TMB (mt/Mb)	TME functional class	Tumor cell proliferation
Medium	3.19	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	1.99	Immune Desert	Low
Medium	4.34	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Low	3.28	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	3.42	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	1.9	Imm. Enriched, NF	Low
Medium	3.16	Fibrotic	Medium
Low	4.2	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	1.99	Imm. Enriched, F	Low
Medium	4	Imm. Enriched, NF	Low
High	1.37	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Low	2.41	Immune Desert	High
Low	3.05	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	7.7	Imm. Enriched, F	Medium
Medium	1.68	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Medium	1.46	Immune Desert	Low

Arm B: Control arm

PD-L1	TMB (mt/Mb)	TME functional class	Tumor cell proliferation
Medium	3.02	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	1.6	Immune Desert	Medium
Low	4.26	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	3.02	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	3.36	Immune Desert	Medium
High	3.28	Imm. Enriched, NF	High
Low	3.64	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	7.95	Fibrotic	Low
Medium	1.9	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	0.34	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	2.77	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	5.24	Immune Desert	Low
Medium	2.91	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Medium	0.03	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Low	2.1	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	3.56	Immune Desert	Medium


Source: G. Le Tourneau et al., "Randomized Phase I Trial of Adjuvant Individualized TG4050 Vaccine in Patients with Locally Advanced Resected HPV-negative Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma (HNSCC)", SITC November 2024, Poster presentation



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