



# Unlocking the Full Potential of the Immune System Against Cancer

Investor Presentation

June 1, 2025



## Disclaimer

*This presentation contains forward-looking statements, which are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, which could cause actual results to differ materially from those anticipated. There can be no guarantee that (i) the results of pre-clinical work and prior clinical trials will be predictive of the results of the clinical trials currently under way, (ii) regulatory authorities will agree with the Company's further development plans for its therapies, or (iii) the Company will find development and commercialization partners for its therapies in a timely manner and on satisfactory terms and conditions, if at all. The occurrence of any of these risks could have a significant negative outcome for the Company's activities, perspectives, financial situation, results and development.*

*For a discussion of risks and uncertainties which could cause the Company's actual results, financial condition, performance or achievements to differ from those contained in the forward-looking statements, please refer to the Risk Factors ("Facteurs de Risques") section of the Universal Registration Document, available on the AMF website (<http://www.amf-france.org>) or on Transgene's website ([www.transgene.fr](http://www.transgene.fr)). Forward-looking statements speak only as of the date on which they are made and Transgene undertakes no obligation to update these forward-looking statements, even if new information becomes available in the future.*

## Transgene in a Snapshot



**Unique and highly potent viral vector-based immunotherapies**



**Lead program TG4050 to deliver data**  
and create significant value in early setting solid tumors between 2025 and 2028



**Additional programs and R&I activity** to deliver news flow and fuel Transgene's portfolio in the mid term

## MVA VECTOR BENEFITS

- Induces **broad and specific immune response** – Almost all patients treated develop a polyepitopic response\*
- Excellent **safety** profile
- Proven immunogenicity in challenging immune contexture

## THE RIGHT NEOANTIGENS

- Comprises **up to 30 neoantigens** selected using NEC's artificial intelligence and machine learning

Orchestrating a brighter world

NEC







## INDICATION

- Targeting head and neck patients – **designed to prevent relapse**
- Only neoantigen cancer vaccine targeting this indication in adjuvant situation
- Potential to address other indications in perioperative setting

- Building upon **proof of principle** of TG4050, leading myvac®-based cancer vaccine: Randomized **Phase II part currently enrolling patients** based on **very promising Phase I data**
- **Potential further acceleration** based on innovation in the adjuvant setting of operable Head & Neck cancer and other early-stage indications

\*Source: C. Le Tourneau, "Randomized Phase I trial of adjuvant personalized cancer vaccine TG4050 in resected locally advanced head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) patients", [ASCO](#) - June 2025, rapid oral presentation

# Innovative Clinical-Stage Immunotherapy Portfolio Based on Viral Vectors

Product	Indication	Collaboration	Discovery	Phase I	Phase II	
LEAD ASSET: INDIVIDUALIZED NEOANTIGEN CANCER VACCINES ( <i>myvac</i> <sup>®</sup> platform)						
<div>TG4050</div> <div></div>	Individualized neoantigen therapy	Head and neck cancer (adjuvant)	<div></div>	<div>R</div>	<div>R</div>	<div>Phase I (n = 32)</div> <div>- No relapse in treatment arm with at least 24 months follow up for all patients</div> <div>-Durable immunogenicity</div> <div>Phase II (n ≈ 50)</div> <div>- Completion of enrollment (Q2 2025)</div> <div>- Completion of randomization (Q4 2025)</div> <div> </div>
		Other indication	<div></div>	<div></div>		Additional Ph. I trial to start (Q4 2025)
Other viral vector-based assets						
TG4001	Shared antigens cancer vaccine	Cervical and anogenital HPV+ cancers	<div></div>	<div></div>	<div>R</div>	Assessing potential partnership opportunities in HPV+ indications
BT-001	 Oncolytic virus	Solid tumors (IT*)	<div></div>	<div></div>		Updated data expected (H2 2025) 
TG6050	 Oncolytic virus	Lung cancer (IV*)	<div></div>	<div></div>		Initial data expected (Q2 2025)
Research & innovation	Internal programs		<div></div>			

\*IV: intravenous administration  
 IT: intratumoral administration  
 R: randomized



# Neoantigen Therapeutic Cancer Vaccine

Focused on delivering the promise  
of individualized cancer vaccine

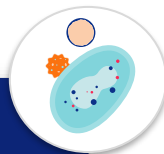
# ● myvac® - TG4050 | Combines Unique Know How and Expertise

## MVA viral vector: a powerful platform for vaccine development

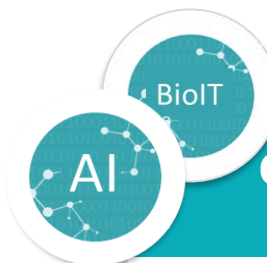
### Strongly immunogenic vector

- Demonstrated capability to express **complex antigen structures** and have them presented by APCs
- Ability to elicit **strong, durable and specific** immune response
- Established safety profile

**Rapid, integrated and scalable manufacturing process** – Ongoing progress



one patient • one genome  
• one vaccine



## Clinically-validated Artificial Intelligence & Bioinformatics powered approach

### Neoantigen identification

- Based on multiple parameters **to identify neoantigens** from whole tumor exome analysis\*
- NEC's AI and machine learning environment **NEC**

### Optimal neoantigen display

- **VacDesignR®** for **optimal design of the recombinant virus**
- Improve vaccine production
- Property of Transgene

### AI powered and cutting-edge software environment

- Dedicated tools for TG4050 end-to-end production



**Technology well suited for early setting solid tumors to prevent relapse after/with standard treatment**



[Click here](#)



\*Source: Mallone et al., "Performance of neoantigen prediction for the design of TG4050, a patient-specific neoantigen cancer vaccine", [AACR](#), June 2020, Poster presentation



# TG4050 | Operable Head and Neck Cancer - Trial after Surgery and Adjuvant Therapy

## Need to prevent or delay relapse

With currently approved treatments,  
**approx. 25% patients relapse**  
**within 24 months after surgery + adjuvant therapy\***

## Very promising data obtained in randomized Phase I part

**Compelling immunological  
and clinical data presented at ASCO 2025** (32 patients)

**All treated patients remained disease-free  
after a mini. of 2 years follow-up**

- ✓ Excellent safety profile in locally advanced HPV-negative resectable SCCHN  
24-month DFS after treatment initiation: 100%
- ✓ Persistence of CD8 T cell responses over 1 year after the end of the treatment

## Ongoing Phase II part

- ➔ Completion of patient randomization: Q4 2025
- ➔ **Primary objective: 24-month DFS**

## Phase I/II trial design

Approx. 80 patients  
with locoregionally advanced HPV-negative  
SCCHN\*\* (NCT: 04183166)

Surgery +  
Adjuvant  
chemoradiotherapy

**Complete Clinical Response  
RANDOMIZATION (1:1)**

**TG4050**  
(single agent)  
Repeated injections

Watchful waiting  
(no treatment)



**LEAD INVESTIGATOR: Pr. Christian Ottensmeier,**  
Clatterbridge Cancer Care Center, Liverpool



\* Sources: Cooper JS *et al.* [NEJM](#), 2004; DY Lee *et al.* [Head Neck](#), 2020

\*\* Squamous cell carcinoma of the head and neck

\*\*\*C. Le Tourneau, "Randomized Phase I trial of adjuvant personalized cancer vaccine TG4050 in resected locally advanced head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) patients", [ASCO](#) - June 2025, rapid oral presentation



## TG4050 | Phase I Data – Compelling Data in High-Risk Patient Population

Patient Characteristics	Arm A (N=17*) TG4050 single agent	Arm B (N=16) Watchful waiting
Male / Female, n (%)	11 (65%) / 6 (35%)	13 (81%) / 3 (19%)
Age (years), median (range)	61 (26 – 79)	57 (47 – 74)
ECOG PS 0 / 1, n (%)	12 (71%) / 5 (29%)	9 (56%) / 7 (44%)
Primary tumor location		
Oral cavity	14 (82%)	10 (63%)
Oropharynx	2 (12%)	2 (13%)
Hypopharynx	1 (6%)	3 (19%)
Larynx	-	1 (6%)
Clinical stage, n (%)		
III	7 (41%)	3 (20%)
IVa	10 (59%)	13 (81%)
Pathological stage, n (%)		
I/II	1 (6%)	1 (6%)
III	4 (24%)	3 (19%)
IVa	7 (41%)	5 (31%)
IVb	5 (29%)	7 (44%)
Concomitant cisplatin, n (%)	10 (59%)	9 (56%)

Pathological Risk Factors	Arm A (N=17*) TG4050 single agent	Arm B (N=16) Watchful waiting
Extracapsular effraction, n (%)	5 (29%)	8 (50%)
Invaded margins, n (%)	4 (24%)	3 (19%)
Perineural infiltration, n (%)	13 (77%)	7 (44%)
4+ invaded lymph nodes, n (%)	2 (12%)	3 (19%)
No. of risk factors, n (%)		
0	3 (18%)	2 (13%)
1	5 (29%)	9 (56%)
2+	9 (53%)	5 (31%)

\* 17 patients evaluable for demographic and safety / 16 patients evaluable for DFS  
**Minimum exposure not met: the 1 patient non evaluable for DFS** was diagnosed with locoregional recurrence after only 2 administrations of TG4050

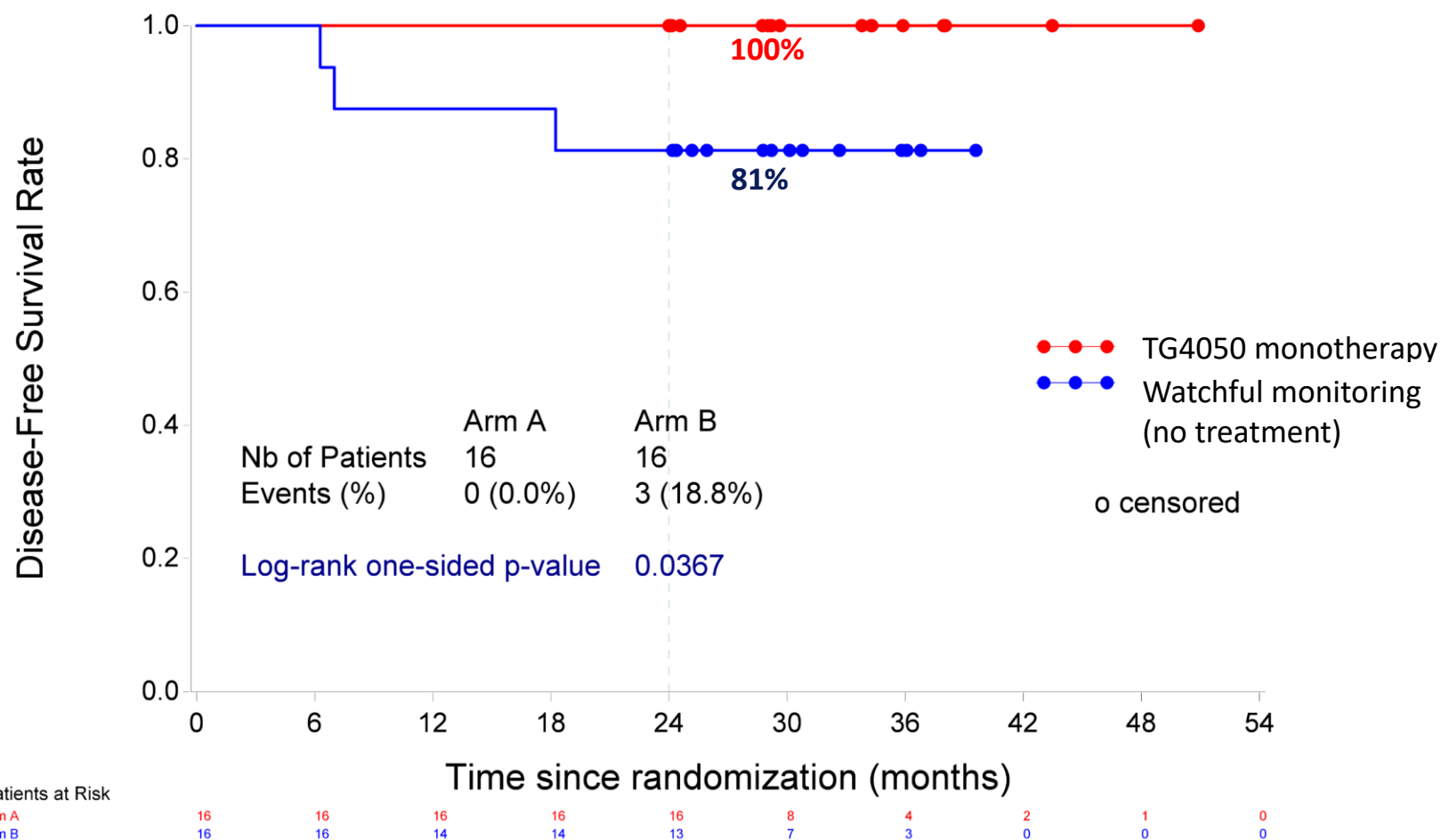
Source: C. Le Tourneau, "Randomized Phase I trial of adjuvant personalized cancer vaccine TG4050 in resected locally advanced head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) patients", [ASCO](#) - June 2025, rapid oral presentation

2025 **ASCO**  
ANNUAL MEETING

# TG4050 | Phase I Data – 100% DFS 2 Years after Treatment Initiation

## Clinical Proof of Principle in Adjuvant Setting

### 2-year disease-free survival (DFS)



All 16 treated patients remained disease-free

Median follow-up of 30 months

3 patients in arm B (watchful waiting) relapsed

→ No related SAEs

→ Good safety profile

\*Source: C. Le Tourneau, "Randomized Phase I trial of adjuvant personalized cancer vaccine TG4050 in resected locally advanced head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) patients", [ASCO](#) - June 2025, rapid oral presentation

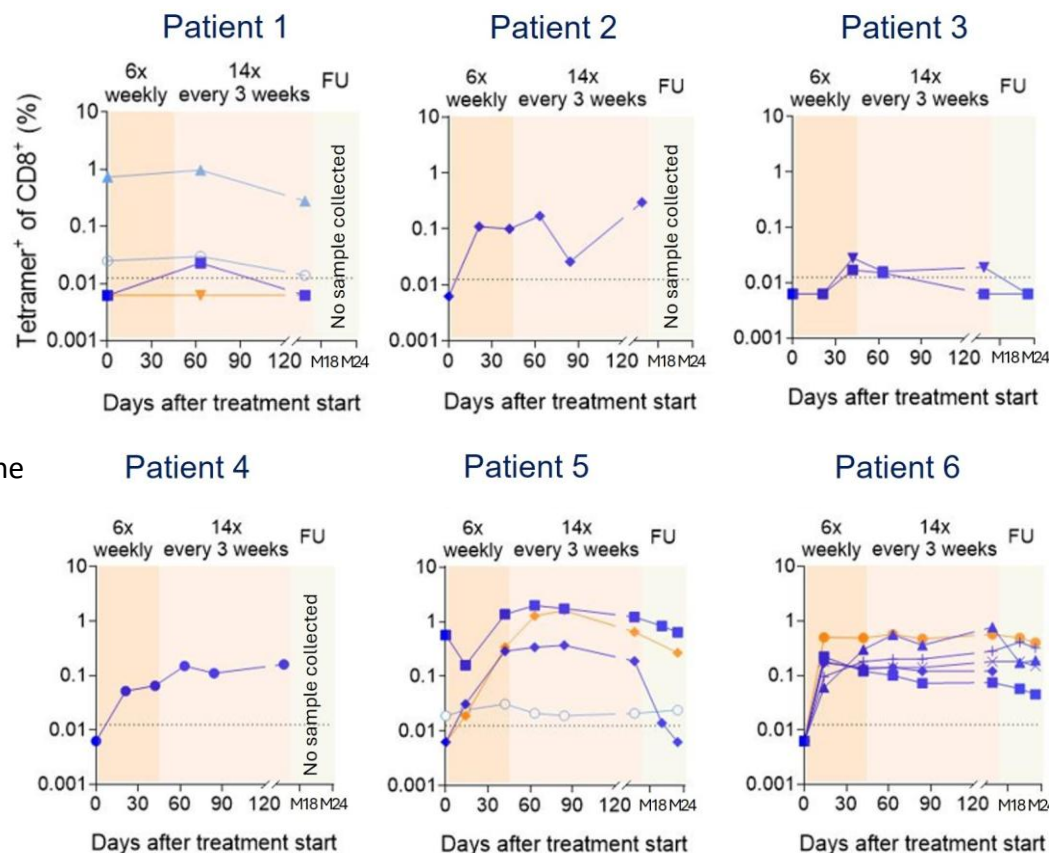
2025 ASCO ANNUAL MEETING

# TG4050 | Phase I Data – Persistent Specific Cellular Response Following Vaccination

CD8 T cell responses persist over one year after the end of treatment (M24)

## Arm A

TG4050 single agent at treatment start

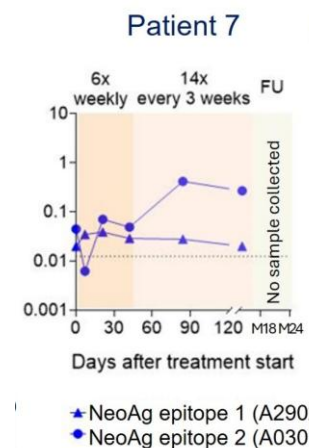


- CD8 T cells specific to vaccine neoantigen
- ▲ CD8 T cells specific to MVA backbone
- ▲ CD8 T cells specific to unrelated viral infections (CMV, influenza)

- ✓ Patients displayed sustained neoantigen-specific CD8+ responses against multiple selected targets
- ✓ Neoantigen-specific CD8 T cell responses to multiple vaccine epitopes

## Arm B

Start of TG4050 at recurrence



- ▲ NeoAg epitope 1 (A2902)
- ▲ NeoAg epitope 2 (A0301)

\*Source: C. Le Tourneau, "Randomized Phase I trial of adjuvant personalized cancer vaccine TG4050 in resected locally advanced head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) patients", ASCO - June 2025, rapid oral presentation

2025 ASCO  
ANNUAL MEETING

# TG4050 | Potential to Extend Remission Period and Address Significant Medical Need

## Head & Neck program

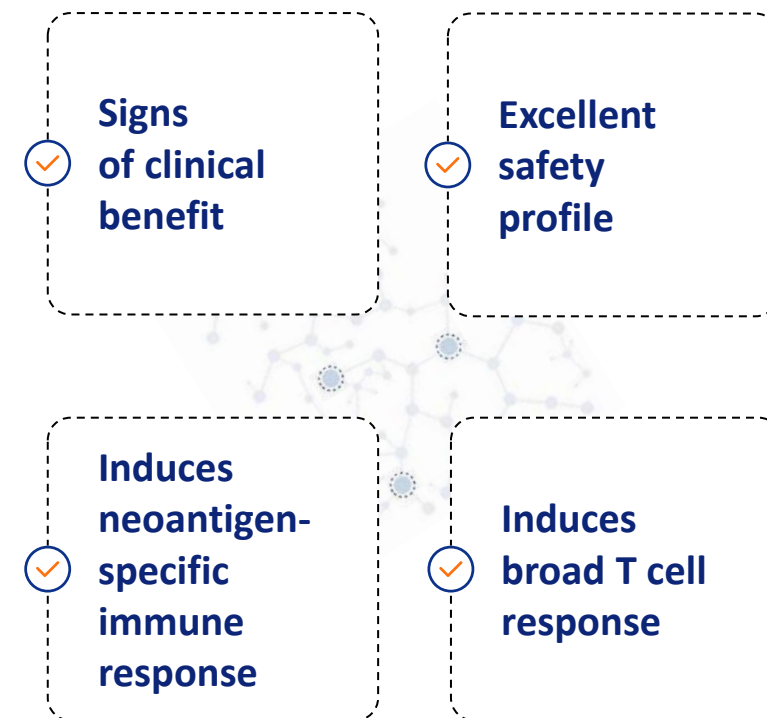
- ✓ Positive Phase I part – 100% 24-month DFS
- ✓ Ongoing Phase II part – Last patient to be randomized in Q4 2025
- ✓ Potential acceleration in evolving treatment landscape

## Expansion in other early-setting cancer indications with high risk of relapse

- > Could address other solid tumors in **perioperative settings w or w/o ICIs** – Significant market opportunity
- > Additional Ph. I trial to start in Q4 2025 in **new indication**



one patient • one genome • one vaccine





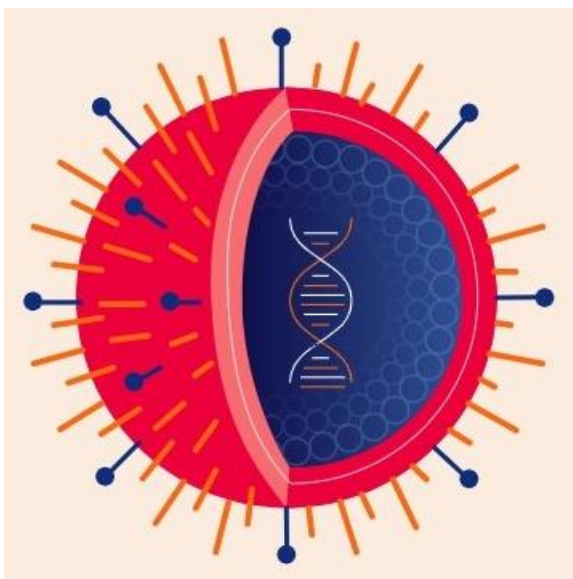
# Other Viral Vector-Based Assets

- ! Rapidly Generating Multiple Virus-Powered
- ! Off-the-Shelf Drug Candidates Targeting Solid Tumors

# Our **Oncolytic Viruses (OV)** – Combined Effects of Vector, Payload and Immune Stimulation

## Compelling Clinical Data Support Intravenous (IV) Route of Administration

### Cancer cell death through multiple MOAs



Virus-induced  
direct and specific  
**TUMOR ONCOLYSIS**

Antitumor activity  
generated  
by **THERAPEUTIC PAYLOADS**

Induction  
of **IMMUNE MECHANISMS**  
against tumor cells

**Patented Backbone** VV<sub>cop</sub>TK-RR<sup>-</sup> vector with multiple competitive advantages:

- Encode numerous and various **payloads**
- **Multiple routes of administration** (IV, IT, locoregional) and extend OV market beyond IT administration
- Potential to target multiorgan lesions and warm up TME
- Address broad range of solid tumors



**invir**io

### **Proof of principle obtained**

- Good safety profile
- Able to reach tumors, selectively replicate and express payload, incl. via **intravenous administration**

**Goal: to target multiorgan lesions and reverse tumor resistance**

# BT-001 | Promising Antitumor Activity of OV Armed with Anti-CTLA4 Ab + GM-CSF

## Completed Phase I/IIa Trial Assessing IT Route of Administration

### The right virus + payload

VV<sub>cop</sub>TK-RR<sup>-</sup> oncolytic armed with  
**BioInvent's potent anti-CTLA4 Ab + GM-CSF**

- Activates and increases T-effector cells
- Treg depleting activity
- Stimulates immune cells (incl. APC)

**Completed Phase I** (NCT04725331)  
monotherapy and combination w. anti-PD1

- > **Ph. I part B** (pembrolizumab combination)  
– Enrolment completed
- > **Additional data expected in H2 2025**



**50/50** collaboration  
with **BioInvent**

### Promising antitumor activity\*

monotherapy and combination w. anti-PD1

- Converts the TME from “cold” to “hot”
- Replicates and persists in tumor tissue
- **Anti-CTLA4 expressed in the tumor**  
with **no detectable systemic exposure**
- **Partial responses in 2/6 patients** (combination  
regimen) & **stable disease in 4/18 patients**  
(monotherapy)
- **Tumor shrinkage** in injected and non-injected  
lesions

**Can be developed**  
for **multiple cancer indications**



Collaboration with MSD  
which provides pembrolizumab (KEYTRUDA®)



# ● TG6050 Administered IV | IL-12 and anti-CTLA4 Produced Directly in the Tumor

## Ongoing Phase I Trial to Assess Systemic Route of Administration



### Initial goal

demonstrate potential of IV administration in “cold”, non-resectable metastatic tumors



#### Oncolytic armed with IL-12 and anti-CTLA4 Ab

- Triggers a powerful antitumor immune response
- Restores the immune defenses within the tumor
- **Outstanding preclinical data\* (strong antitumor activity)** remodeling TME (AACR 2023 and JITC, July 2024)



#### Phase I trial - Indication: metastatic and PD1 failed tumors

- Advanced or metastatic NSCLC after failure with available treatment options, including anti-PD1/PD-L1 – **Intravenous (IV) administration**
- Inclusions completed (NCT: 05788926)
- Initial data (single agent) in **Q2 2025** – Could be combined with ICIs

**Potential to address a major oncology market**



# ● TG4001 | Phase II Trial in Patients with HPV16<sup>+</sup> Cervical and Anogenital cancer

## Randomized Phase II trial in patients with HPV16<sup>+</sup> cervical and anogenital cancer (n=90)

incl. cervical, vulvar, vaginal, penile and anal cancers NCT: 03260023

Patients with recurrent / metastatic disease

Randomized (1:1)

TG4001 + avelumab

Avelumab single agent

Clinical collaboration with



for avelumab free supply

Treated in 1<sup>st</sup> line or in 2<sup>nd</sup> line

(with a maximum of 1 prior systemic chemotherapy)

Checkpoint-blocker naïve, without liver metastasis at baseline

Including all levels of PD-L1 expression

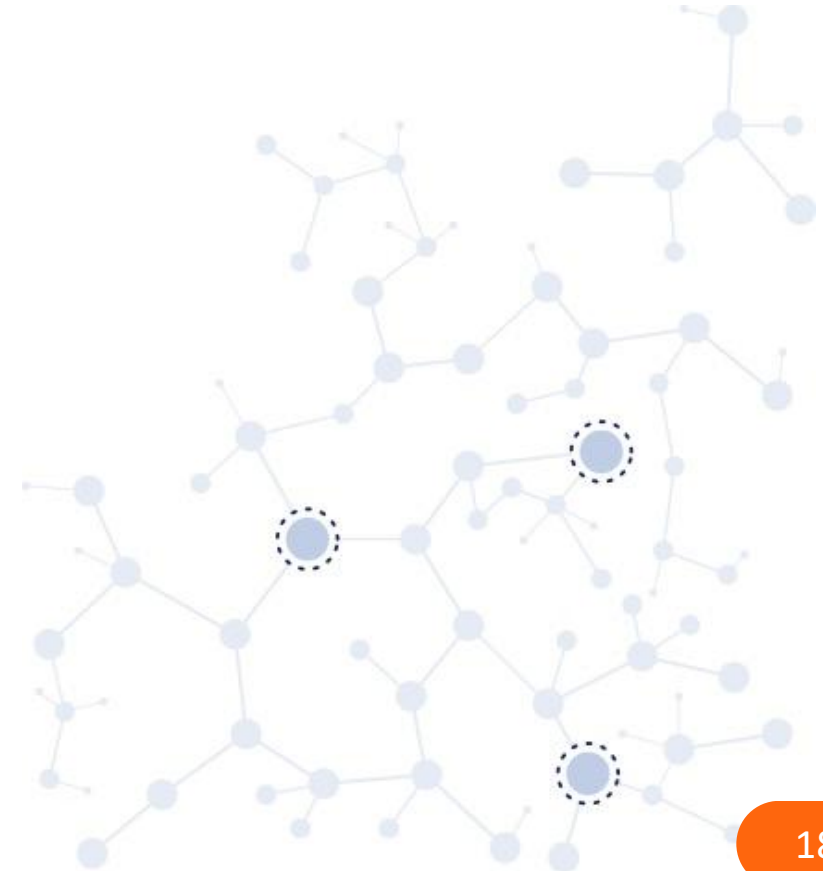
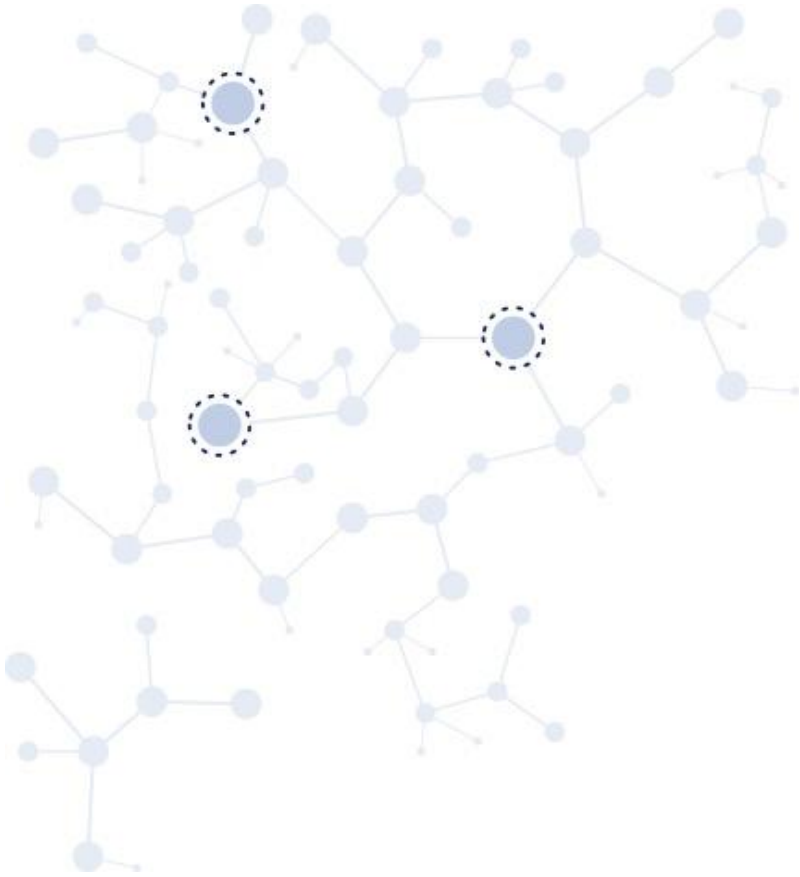
### Top line data

- **Primary objective** (improvement in progression-free survival) not met in the overall patient population
- **Positive efficacy trend in cervical cancer patients** observed in pre-planned subgroup analysis
- Assessing potential partnership opportunities in HPV+ indications

Source: C. Le Tourneau *et al.*, "Randomized Phase II trial evaluating the combination of TG4001, an HPV16 therapeutic cancer vaccine and avelumab in patients with immunotherapy-naïve recurrent and/or metastatic (R/M) HPV16-positive cervical or anogenital cancer", [ASCO](#) - June 2025, poster pres.

2025 **ASCO**  
ANNUAL MEETING

# Outlook



## Company Funded to Deliver Multiple Value Generating Milestones



### Business funded until the end of April 2026

Enables Transgene to deliver significant milestones with *myvac*® platform and other viral vector-based immunotherapies

#### *myvac* | Neoantigen vaccine – TG4050



##### Proof of principle

already obtained in Head and Neck cancer (adjuvant)

- Clinical benefit for patients and strong immunogenicity, persistent cellular immune response



##### Ongoing randomized Phase I/II (head and neck cancer) – 80 patients overall

- Ph. I part: 36-mo. follow-up data expected in **H1 2026**
- Ph. II part: randomization of the last patient in **Q4 2025**

##### Other indication



- Plan to launch **new Phase I** in additional indication in **Q4 2025**

#### Other viral vector-based assets

- **BT-001**: Phase I data presentation (**H2 2025**)
- **TG6050**: Initial Phase I data (**Q2 2025**)
- **TG4001**: Assessing potential partnership opportunities in HPV+ indications

# Appendices

## New Leadership to Take Transgene to the Next Level



**ALESSANDRO RIVA, MD**  
Chairman & CEO

30+ years experience



GILEAD

...ichnos...



**CHRISTOPHE ANCEL, PharmD**  
VP, Chief Quality Officer and  
Qualified Pharmacist



**MAURIZIO CEPPI, PhD**  
VP, Chief Scientific Officer



**EMMANUELLE DOCHY, MD**  
VP, Medical Affairs, Chief  
Medical Officer



**JOHN FELITTI**  
VP, Legal, General Counsel and  
Chief Compliance Officer



**LUCIE LARGUIER**  
VP, Chief Financial Officer



**CHRISTELLE SCHWOERER**  
VP, Human Resources



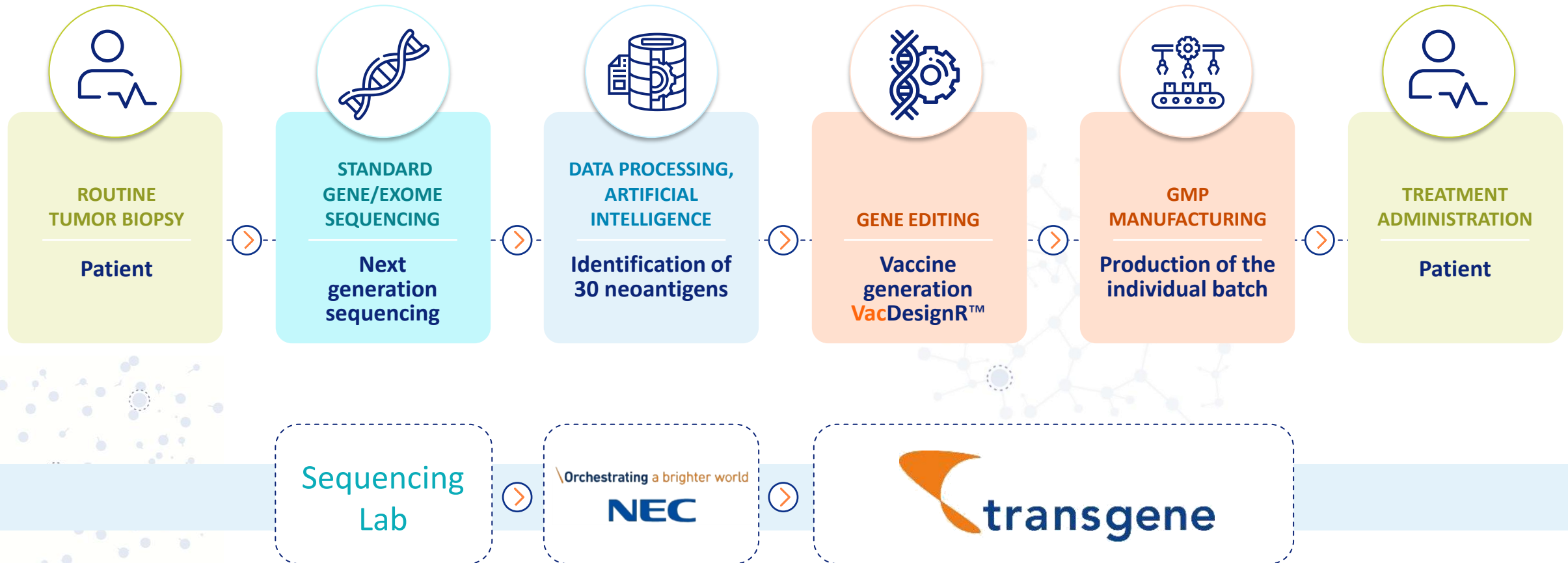
**SIMONE STEINER**  
VP, Chief Technical Officer



**JAMES WENTWORTH**  
VP, Chief Business Officer

# TG4050, an Individualized Neoantigen Vaccine Combining Unique Capabilities

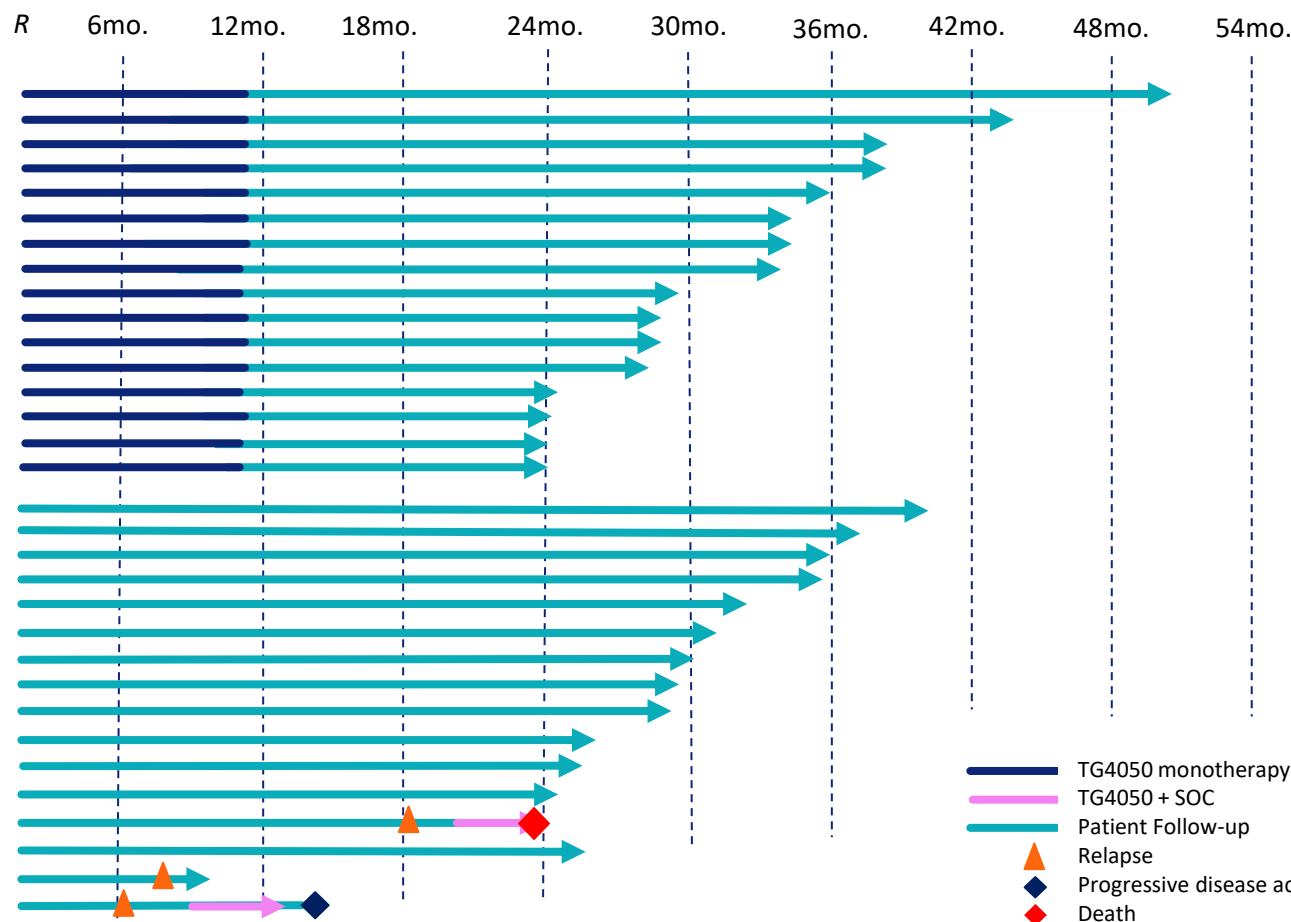
## Combines Bioengineering and Digital Transformation



# ● TG4050 | Phase I data – Promising Signals of Clinical Activity in Adjuvant Setting

## Head & Neck Cancer Trial

32 patients randomized (R) – As of April 2025



All 16 treated patients remained disease-free

Only patients in the control arm relapsed

DFS : 100% vs 81% after 2 years of follow-up

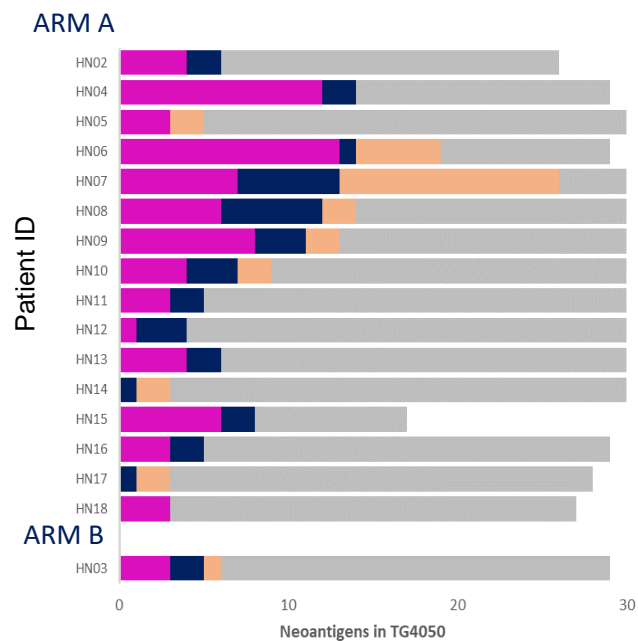
\*Adapted from: C. Le Tourneau, "Randomized Phase I trial of adjuvant personalized cancer vaccine TG4050 in resected locally advanced head and neck squamous cell carcinoma (HNSCC) patients", [ASCO](#) - June 2025, rapid oral presentation

2025 ASCO  
ANNUAL MEETING

# TG4050 | Phase I data – Generates and/or Expands Tumor Specific T Cells

Number of positive responses per patient (Elispot assay)  
Head and Neck Cancer (Phase I part)

De novo responses      Amplified responses  
Stable responses\*      # of neoantigens / targets



\*Immunoreactive T-cells detected at baseline but not amplified post treatment

Despite low mutational burden,  
**immunogenic targets could be selected  
for all patients**

**Neoantigen-specific T-cell responses  
were detected**

**De novo responses were detected  
in a majority of patients**



Source: G. Le Tourneau *et al.*, "Randomized Phase I Trial of Adjuvant Individualized TG4050 Vaccine in Patients with Locally Advanced Resected HPV-negative Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma (HNSCC)", [SITC](#) November 2024, Poster presentation





# Exploration of Tumor TME

TME: tumor micro-environment, TMB: tumor mutational burden,  
F: fibrotic, NF: non-fibrotic

## Arm A: TG4050 single agent

PD-L1	TMB (mt/Mb)	TME functional class	Tumor cell proliferation
Medium	3.19	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	1.99	Immune Desert	Low
Medium	4.34	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Low	3.28	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	3.42	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	1.9	Imm. Enriched, NF	Low
Medium	3.16	Fibrotic	Medium
Low	4.2	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	1.99	Imm. Enriched, F	Low
Medium	4	Imm. Enriched, NF	Low
High	1.37	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Low	2.41	Immune Desert	High
Low	3.05	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	7.7	Imm. Enriched, F	Medium
Medium	1.68	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Medium	1.46	Immune Desert	Low

## Arm B: Control arm

PD-L1	TMB (mt/Mb)	TME functional class	Tumor cell proliferation
Medium	3.02	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	1.6	Immune Desert	Medium
Low	4.26	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	3.02	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	3.36	Immune Desert	Medium
High	3.28	Imm. Enriched, NF	High
Low	3.64	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	7.95	Fibrotic	Low
Medium	1.9	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	0.34	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	2.77	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	5.24	Immune Desert	Low
Medium	2.91	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Medium	0.03	Imm. Enriched, NF	Medium
Low	2.1	Immune Desert	Medium
Medium	3.56	Immune Desert	Medium

Challenging population with high prevalence of **low/negative PD-L1 expressors** and **relatively poor pro-immune infiltrates**

Source: G. Le Tourneau et al., "Randomized Phase I Trial of Adjuvant Individualized TG4050 Vaccine in Patients with Locally Advanced Resected HPV-negative Head and Neck Squamous Cell Carcinoma (HNSCC)", [SITC](#) November 2024, Poster presentation



## ● Environmental, Social and Governance Commitments



Transgene's **ESG** strategy is based on 6 commitments

- To **patients**
- To our **partners**
- To our **employees**
- To our **shareholders** and **investors**
- To **society** and the **regions**
- To the **planet**



Our ESG policy is detailed in the chap. 4 in the URD 2024

[URD 2024](#)



\*with < 250 employees, according to the Gaia Ethifinance 2024 Award study  
[LinkedIn](#) / [Website](#)

[Study](#)

**85/100**

Gaia Ethifinance  
Award (+8 pts)

**44/100**

Vigeo Eiris  
(+20 pts)

**99/100**

Equal Employment  
Index  
(+4 pts)

**TOP 5** French companies  
with the **best ESG performance**  
for 2023\*.

**ESG rating**  
higher than industry benchmark  
(Pharma/Biotech)



CONTACT

Lucie Larguier  
Chief Financial Officer

[investorrelations@transgene.fr](mailto:investorrelations@transgene.fr)

400 Boulevard Gonthier d'Andernach | Parc d'Innovation | CS80166  
67405 Illkirch Graffenstaden Cedex | France  
Tél.: + 33 (0)3 88 27 91 21 | [www.transgene.fr](http://www.transgene.fr)